

NAME: _____

DATE: _____

Inductive Grammar Chart
(Unit 14, page 114)

GRAMMAR. Be going to + base form

Look at these examples with be going to.

| Affirmative statements | | Negative statements | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| I'm | } going to relax this weekend. | I'm | } not going to go camping this weekend. |
| You're | | | |
| He's | | | |
| We're | | | |
| They're | | | |
| Questions | | | |
| Are you going to sleep late tomorrow? | | Yes, I am. / No, I'm not. | |
| Is she going to travel to Europe? | | Yes, she is. / No, she isn't. | |
| Are we going to be on time? | | Yes, we are. / No, we aren't. | |
| <div>Contractions is not going = 's not going = isn't going are not going = 're not going = aren't going</div> | | | |

FIGURE IT OUT . . .

Answer these questions.

- What three forms of be are used with going to? _____, _____, and _____
- What form of a verb comes after be going to in affirmative or negative statements?

- Which short answer is correct?
 - Yes, I'm going.
 - No, I'm not going.
 - Yes, I am.
 - No, I am.